لماذا الترجمات مختلفة في ارميا 15:

11

Holy_bible_1

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السؤال

ما هو التفسير للاختلاف الموجود بين الترجمات (الحياة والمشتركة مع الترجمات الاخرى فان دايك والكاثوليكية وكينج جيمس) حول الآية الموجودة في ارميا ١٥ الآية ٢١١؟

الرد

السبب باختصار يوجد كلمة غامضة في العدد العبري تجعل ترجمة العدد صعبة ولهذا بعض الترجمات التفسيرية لجات لترجمة السبعينية ولم تلتزم بالنص العبري مثل فانديك

وباختصار التراجم العربي

11 قَالَ الرَّبُّ: إِنِّي أَحُلُّكَ لِلْخَيْرِ. إِنِّي أَجْعَلُ الْعَدُقَّ يَتَضَرَّعُ إِلَيْكَ فِي وَقْتِ الشَّرِ وَفِي وَقْتِ الضِّيقِ. اليسوعية

11 قال الرب: إني مقسم: سأحررك لخيرك وأجعل العدو يتضرع إليك في أوان البلوى وأوان الضيق الكاثوليكية

ار -15-11: قالَ الرَّبِ: إِنِّي مُقْسِمٌ: سأُحَرِّرُكَ لِخَيرِكَ وأَجعَلُ العَدُقَ يَتَضَرَّعُ إِلَيكَ في أوانِ البَلْوى وأَوانِ البَلْوى وأَوانِ النَّالِينَ في أوانِ البَلْوى وأوانِ الضِّيق

الحياة

11 دعهم يشتموا يارب. ألم أتضرع إليك من أجل خيرهم؟ إني أبتهل إليك الآن من أجل أعدائي في وقت الضيق والمحنة.

المشتركة

11 فلتكن اللعنة علي يا رب إن كنت لم أتضرع إليك لخير عدوي في أوان الضيق ووقت الشدة. الكلمة في العبري التي سببت الخلاف هي شروفاتيخا شححم ومصدرها هل هي من كلمة شراه نهره أي حللتك أي خلصتك ام شراخ نهره أي خدمتك وهما تجعل المتكلم مختلف فالاولى يكون الرب يكلم ارميا ويقول انه احله من القيد اما الثانية تكون ان ارميا هو الذي يتضرع ويتغير المعنى 180 درجة. ولهذا ترجمات مثل الحياة اتبعت السبعينية للسهولة

وأيضا التراجم الإنجليزية اختلفت في تفسير المعنى وبعضها للسهولة اتبع السبعينية

(ACV) LORD said, Truly I will strengthen thee for good. Truly I will cause the enemy to make supplication to thee in the time of evil and in the time of affliction.

(ABP+) May it be,G1096 O lord G2962 master,G1203 of their prosperingG2720 G1473 inG1722 a timeG2540 of their afflictionG2347 G1473 forG1519 goodG18 againstG4314 theG3588 enemy.G2190

(AKJ) The LORD said, Truly it shall be well with your remnant; truly I will cause the enemy to entreat you well in the time of evil and in the time of affliction.

(ALTNT)

(AMP) The Lord said, Truly your release, affliction, and strengthening will be for good [purposes]; surely [Jeremiah] I will intercede for you with the enemy and I will cause the enemy to ask for your aid in the time of evil and in the time of affliction.(3)

(AUV-NT)

(ASV) Jehovah said, Verily I will strengthen thee for good; verily I will cause the enemy to make supplication unto thee in the time of evil and in the time of affliction.

(VW) Jehovah said, Truly I will not free you for good. Truly I will cause the enemy to entreat you in the time of evil and in the time of affliction.

(Bishops) And the Lord aunswered me, Ueryly thy remnaunt shall haue wealth: Come not I to thee when thou art in trouble, & helpe thee when thine

enemie oppresseth thee?

- (CEV) Then the LORD replied, "I promise to protect you, and when disaster comes, even your enemies will beg you for help."
- (CJB) ADONAI said, "I promise to release you for good, I promise to make your enemies appeal to you when calamity and trouble come.
- (CLV) Yahweh said, Did I not direct you for good? Did not I intercede for you in a time of evil, And in a time of adversity, with the enemy?
- (Darby) Jehovah said, Verily I will set thee free for thy good; verily I will cause the enemy to meet thee kindly in the time of evil and in the time of affliction.
- (DRB) The Lord saith to me: Assuredly it shall be well with thy remnant, assuredly I shall help thee in the time of affliction, and in the time of tribulation against the enemy.
- (ESV) The LORD said, "Have I not[1] set you free for their good? Have I not pleaded for you before the enemy in the time of trouble and in the time of distress?
- (ERV) Surely, LORD, I have served you well. In times of disaster and trouble, I prayed to you about my enemies.
- (FDB) L'Éternel dit: Si je ne te délivre pour le bien! Si je ne fais venir audevant de toi l'ennemi, au temps du malheur, et au temps de la détresse!
- (FLS) L'Éternel dit: Certes, tu auras un avenir heureux; Certes, je forcerai l'ennemi à t'adresser ses supplications, Au temps du malheur et au temps de la détresse.

(French DB) L'Éternel dit: Si je ne te délivre pour le bien! Si je ne fais venir au-devant de toi l'ennemi, au temps du malheur, et au temps de la détresse!

(French LS) L'Éternel dit: Certes, tu auras un avenir heureux; Certes, je forcerai l'ennemi à t'adresser ses supplications, Au temps du malheur et au temps de la détresse.

(French OB) L'Éternel dit: Ne te réservé-je pas pour le bien? Ne ferai-je pas qu'au temps de la calamité, au temps de la détresse, l'ennemi te supplie?

(GEB) Jahwe spricht: Wenn ich dich nicht zum Guten stärken, wenn ich nicht machen werde, daß zur Zeit des Unglücks und zur Zeit der Bedrängnis der Feind dich bittend angeht!

(Geneva) The Lord sayd, Surely thy remnant shal haue wealth: surely I will cause thine enemie to intreate thee in the time of trouble, & in the time of affliction.

(GLB) Der HERR sprach: Wohlan, ich will euer etliche übrigbehalten, denen es soll wieder wohl gehen, und will euch zu Hilfe kommen in der Not und Angst unter den Feinden.

(GNB) LORD, may all their curses come true if I have not served you well, if I have not pleaded with you on behalf of my enemies when they were in trouble and distress.

(GSB) Der HERR antwortete: Wahrlich, ich will dich erhalten zum Besten! Wahrlich, ich will verschaffen, daß zur Zeit der Not und der Angst der Feind dich um Fürbitte angehen soll!

(GW) The LORD said, "I will certainly rescue you for a good reason. I will certainly make your enemies plead with you in times of disaster and in times

of distress.

(HCSB-r) The Lord said: Assuredly, I will set you free and care for you. Assuredly, I will intercede for you in a time of trouble, in your time of distress, with the enemy.

(HNV) The LORD said, Most certainly I will strengthen you for good; most certainly I will cause the enemy to make supplication to you in the time of evil and in the time of affliction.

(csb) The Lord said: Assuredly, I will set you free and care for you.

Assuredly, I will intercede for you in a time of trouble, in your time of distress, with the enemy.

(IAV) ADONAI said, Verily it shall be well with thy remnant; verily I will cause the enemy to entreat thee well in the time of evil and in the time of affliction.

(ISRAV) ADONAI said, Verily it shall be well with thy remnant; verily I will cause the enemy to entreat thee well in the time of evil and in the time of affliction.

(Phillips NT)

(JST) The Lord said, Verily it shall be well with thy remnant; verily I will cause the enemy to entreat thee well in the time of evil and in the time of affliction.

(JOSMTH) The Lord said, Verily it shall be well with thy remnant; verily I will cause the enemy to entreat thee well in the time of evil and in the time of affliction.

(JPS) The LORD said: 'Verily I will release thee for good; verily I will

cause the enemy to make supplication unto thee in the time of evil and in the time of affliction.

(JUB) The LORD said, Verily it shall be well with thy remnant; verily I will cause the enemy to entreat thee *well* in the time of evil and in the time of affliction.

(KJ2000) The LORD said, Verily it shall be well with your remnant; verily I will cause the enemy to treat you well in the time of evil and in the time of affliction.

(KJV) The LORD said, Verily it shall be well with thy remnant; verily I will cause the enemy to entreat thee *well* in the time of affliction.

(KJV+) The LORDH3068 said, H559 VerilyH518 H3808 it shall be wellH2896 with thy remnant; H8293 verilyH518 H3808 I will cause(H853) the enemyH341 to entreatH6293 thee *well* in the timeH6256 of evilH7451 and in the timeH6256 of affliction. H6869

(KJV-1611) The Lord said, Uerely it shall be well with thy remnant, verely I will cause the enemie to intreat thee well in the time of euill, and in the time of affliction.

(KJV21) The LORD said, "Verily it shall be well with thy remnant; verily I will cause the enemy to deal with thee well in the time of evil and in the time of affliction.

(KJVA) The LORD said, Verily it shall be well with thy remnant; verily I will cause the enemy to entreat thee well in the time of affliction.

(KJV-BRG) The LORD said, Verily it shall be well with thy remnant; verily I will cause the enemy to entreat thee *well* in the time of evil and in the time of affliction.

(LBP) The LORD said, Verily I shall not leave you at ease, but I will cause an enemy from the north to encounter you in the time of tribulation and in the time of evil;

(Lamsa) The LORD said, Verily I shall not leave you at ease, but I will cause an enemy from the north to encounter you in the time of tribulation and in the time of evil;

(Latin) dicit Dominus si non reliquiae tuae in bonum si non occurri tibi in tempore adflictionis et in tempore tribulationis adversum inimicum

(LITV) Jehovah said, Truly, I will not free you for good. Truly I will cause the enemy to entreat you in the time of evil and in the time of distress.

(LDB) Mukama yayogera nti Mazima ndikuwa amaanyi olw'obulungi; mazima ndikwegayiriza omulabe mu biro eby'okulabiramu ennaku ne mu biro eby'okubonyaabonyezebwamu.

(MKJV) Jehovah said, Truly I will free you for good. Truly I will cause the enemy to entreat you in the time of evil and in the time of affliction.

(MSG) But, GOD knows, I've done everything I could to help them, prayed for them and against their enemies. I've always been on their side, trying to stave off disaster. God knows how I've tried!

(nas) The LORD said, "Surely I will set (797) you free for ofgood; Surely I will cause the enemy (798) to make supplication to you In a time of disaster and a time of distress.

(NAS+) The LORD3068 said559, "Surely518 *3808 I will set8281 you free8281 for purposes of good; Surely518 *3808 I will cause the enemy340 to make6293 supplication6293 to you In a time6256 of disaster and a time6256 of distress.

(NCV) The Lord said, "I have saved you for a good reason. I have made your enemies beg you in times of disaster and trouble.

(NET.) The Lord said, "Jerusalem, I will surely send you away for your own good. I will surely bring the enemy upon you in a time of trouble and distress.

(NET) The Lord said, "Jerusalem,32 I will surely send you away for your own good. I will surely33 bring the enemy upon you in a time of trouble and distress.

(NAB-A) Tell me, LORD, have I not served you for their good? Have I not interceded with you in the time of misfortune and anguish?

(NIRV) The Lord said, "Jeremiah, I will keep you safe for a good purpose. I will make your enemies ask you to pray for them. They will make their appeal to you when they are in great trouble.

(NIV) The LORD said, "Surely I will deliver you for a good purpose; surely I will make your enemies plead with you in times of disaster and times of distress.

(NIVUK) The LORD said, Surely I will deliver you for a good purpose; surely I will make your enemies plead with you in times of disaster and times of distress.

(NKJV) The LORD said: Surely it will be well with your remnant; Surely

I will cause the enemy to intercede with you In the time of adversity and in the time of affliction.

(NLT) The LORD replied, "All will be well with you, Jeremiah. Your enemies will ask you to plead on their behalf in times of trouble and distress.

(NLV) The Lord said, "For sure I will set you free for a good reason. For sure I will make those who hate you ask of you in times of trouble and suffering.

(nrs) The Lord said: Surely I have intervened in your life [59] for good, surely I have imposed enemies on you in a time of trouble and in a time of distress. [60]

(NRSV) The LORD said: Surely I have intervened in your life for good, surely I have imposed enemies on you in a time of trouble and in a time of distress.

(nsn+) The LORD3068 said559, "Surely518 *3808 I will set8281 you free8281 for purposes of good; Surely518 *3808 I will cause the enemy340 to make6293 supplication6293 to you In a time6256 of disaster and a time6256 of distress.

(NWT) Jehovah has said: "Surely I will minister to you for good. Surely I will intercede for you in the time of calamity and in the time of distress, against the enemy.

(RNKJV) YHVH said, Verily it shall be well with thy remnant; verily I will cause the enemy to entreat thee well in the time of evil and in the time of affliction.

(RSVA) So let it be, O LORD, if I have not entreated thee for their good, if

I have not pleaded with thee on behalf of the enemy in the time of trouble and in the time of distress!

(RV) The LORD said, Verily I will strengthen thee for good; verily I will cause the enemy to make supplication unto thee in the time of evil and in the time of affliction.

(Somali) Rabbigu wuxuu yidhi, Sida runta ah waad nabdoonaan doontaa, sida runta ah waxaan ka dhigi doonaa in cadowgu ku baryo wakhtigii masiibo jirto iyo wakhtigii dhib jiro.

(TLV) Adonai said: "Surely I will release you for good. Surely I will make the enemy appeal to you in a time of trouble, in a time of affliction.

(TMB) The LORD said, "Verily it shall be well with thy remnant; verily I will cause the enemy to deal with thee well in the time of evil and in the time of affliction.

(TNIV) The LORD said, "Surely I will deliver you for a good purpose; surely I will make your enemies plead with you in times of disaster and times of distress.

(TRC) And the LORD answered me: Lead not I thee then unto good? Come not I to thee, when thou art in trouble: and help thee, when thine enemy oppresseth thee?

(TS2009) יהוה said, "Did I not direct you for *your* good? Did I not intercede for you in a time of evil and in a time of distress against the enemy?

(UPDV) Yahweh said, Truly I will release you for [your] good; truly I will cause the enemy to make supplication to you in the time of evil and in the

time of affliction.

(WEB) Yahweh said, "Most certainly I will strengthen you for good. Most certainly I will cause the enemy to make supplication to you in the time of evil and in the time of affliction.

(WEBA) Yahweh said, "Most certainly I will strengthen you for good. Most certainly I will cause the enemy to make supplication to you in the time of evil and in the time of affliction.

(Webster) The LORD said, Verily it shall be well with thy remnant; verily I will cause the enemy to treat thee well in the time of evil and in the time of affliction.

(Wycliffe) No man bileue to me, if thi remenauntis be not in to good, if Y ranne not to thee in the tyme of turment, and in the tyme of tribulacioun and of anguysch, ayens the enemye.

(YLT) Jehovah said, Did I not direct thee for good? Did not I intercede for thee in a time of evil, And in a time of adversity, with the enemy?

العدد العبري

אָמַר יְהנָה אָמ־לָא <mark>שְׁרוֹתִדּ שֵׁרִיתִידְ לְמֻוֹב אִמ־לָוֹא הִפְּנַּ</mark>ְּעְתִי Jer 15:11 בְדָּ בְּעֵת־רָעֶה וּבְעֵת צָרָה אֶת־הָאֹנֵב:

H518 verily אמר H3068 The LORD וויהוד H559 said, אמר H518 וויה אמר H518 אמר H518 לא H518 שרותך H3808 verily לא H518 שרותך H3808 verily לא

H6256 thee in the time בעת H6293 to entreat לוא H6869 of affliction. רעה H6256 and in the time רעה H7451 of evil

H341 I will cause the enemy:את H853

אָמֵר امار قال

יְהֹנָה בַשְּפָּ

به الله الله الله الله

نهاروفاتيخا كلمة الخلاف ما بين أحلك او اتضرع لك

إباد ليتوف للخير

אָמ־לְוֹאו ام لو اني (اجعل)

הפְגַּעְהֵר هيفجاتي يتضرع

دٍ فكا لك

دِيرِת- بعات بوقت

רְעֶה رعاه شر

المجاورة يوفعات وبوقت

لاج تزاراه ضيق

پِת־הָאֹיֵב: ایت هایواف عدوك

فكما قلت السبب هو لفظ يغير من المتكلم ويغير المعنى تماما

مقارنة بين ثلاث او اربع ترجمات سيظهر كيفية صعوبة هذا العدد في الترجمة. الصعوبة الأولية هو في معنى فعل ترجم هنا اني احلك العدد والمعنى للكلمة محل خلاف مربوط بمعنى الفعل في السطر الثاني لتعريف من هو المتكلم ومن المقصود. واحد من طريقين عادة يتبع. بعض التراجم اتبعت النسخة اليونانية والتي فيها ارميا يتكلم ويؤيد شكواه انه كان امين. في هذه الحالة كلمة قال تركت وصعوبة الفعل هو يأخذ معنى خدمتك والفعل الموازي يعني انا تضرعت لك من اجل اعدائي والطريق الثاني هو يفترض ان الله هو المتكلم ويوعد ارميا ان يسلمه من سابييه. في هذه الحالة الكلمة المتعبة تأخذ معنى خلصتك او تقرأ بمعنى أحل وفي هذه الحالة الفعل الموازي يأخذ معنى خلصتك او تقرأ بمعنى أحل وفي هذه الحالة الفعل الموازي يأخذ معنى أنى اجعل اعداءك يتضرعون لك وهذا المعنى لم يأتى في مكان اخر....

132 tn A comparison of three or four translations will show how difficult this verse is to interpret. The primary difficulty is with the meaning of the verb rendered here "I will surely send you out [קַּיִרוּתְּבּּ]." The text and the meaning of the word are debated (for a rather full discussion see W. Holladay, *Jeremiah*, 1:446–47 fn b–b). Tied up with that is the meaning of the verb in the second line and the identification of who the speaker and addressee are. One of two tacks are usually followed. Some follow the Greek version which has Jeremiah speaking and supporting his complaint

that he has been faithful. In this case the word "said" is left out, the difficult verb is taken to mean "I have served you" (שֶׁרָתִּידְּ, from שֻׁרַתִּידְּ, from מֵּרַתִּידְּ, from מֵּרַתִּידְּ, from מֵּרַתִּידְּ, from מֵּרַתְּיִדְּ, from מֵּרַתְּיִדְּ, from מֵּרַתְּיִּרְ, from מֵּרַתְּיִּרְ, from מֵּרַתְּיִרְּ, from מֵּרַתְּיִרְּ, from מֵּרַתְּיִּרְ, from מֵּרַתְּיִרְ, from מֵּרַתְּיִּרְ, from מֵּרַתְּיִרְ, from מֵּרַתְּיִּרְ, from מֵּרַתְּיִּרְ, from מֵּרַתְּיִרְ, from מֵּרַתְּיִרְ, from מֵּרַתְּיִּרְ, from מֵּרְיִתְּיִּרְ, from מֵּרְיִתְּרָ, from מֵּרְיִתְּרָ, from מֵּרְיִתְּרָ, from מֵּרְיִתְּרָ, from מֵּרְיִתְּרָּ, from מֵּרְיִתְּף, from מֵּרְיִתְּרָּ, from מִּרְיִתְּרָּ, from מִּרְיִתְּרָּ, from מִּרְיִתְּרָּ, from מִּרְיִתְּרָּ, from מִּרְיִתְּרָּ from מִּרְיִתְּרָּ, from מִּרְיִתְּרָּ, from מִּרְיִתְּרָּ, from מִּרְיִרְיְתְּרָּ, from מִּרְיִיְתְּרָּ, from מִּרְיִיְתְּרָּ, from מִּרְיּתְרָּף from can from a meaning from and the parallel verb and the parallel verb

رغم ان NET بايبل تكمل وتميل لسهول التفسير باستخدام السبعينية الا ان NET وضحت بالفعل اشكالية اللفظ ولماذا تراجم للسهولة لاجأت ان تترجم العدد من السبعينية وتراجم قالت ان ارميا هو المتكلم ويتضرع من اجل اعداؤه وترجمات ان الرب المتكلم ويحل ارميا ويجعل الأعداء يتضرعون او يترفقون بإرمياء.

فالسبب فقط في صعوبة فهم لفظ وترجمته

السبعينية قالت

(Greek οτ) γένοιτο, δέσποτα, κατευθυνόντων αὐτῶν, εἰ μὴ παρέστην σοι ἐν καιρῷ τῶν κακῶν αὐτῶν καὶ ἐν καιρῷ θλίψεως αὐτῶν εἰς ἀγαθὰ πρὸς τὸν ἐχθρόν.

(Brenton) Be it so, Lord, in their prosperity; surely I stood before thee in the time of their calamities, and in the time of their affliction, for their good against the enemy.

فالسبعينية كترجمة تفسيرية شرحت ما فهمته من العدد

الفلجاتا

(clVulgate) Dicit Dominus: Si non reliqui stu sin bonum, si non occurri tibi in tempore afflictionis, et in tempore tribulationis adversus inimicum.

(Vulgate) dicit Dominus si non reliquiae tuae in bonum si non occurri tibi in tempore adflictionis et in tempore tribulationis adversum inimicum

The Lord saith to me: Assuredly it shall be well with thy remnant, assuredly I shall help thee in the time of affliction, and in the time of tribulation against the enemy.

سياق الكلام ولماذا اميل لمعنى الذي قالته ترجمة فانديك

سفر ارميا 15

الجزء السابق شرحته في

هل يصح ان يوصف الله بانه مل من الندامة؟ ارميا 15: 6

10 وَيْلٌ لِي يَا أُمِّي لأَنَّكِ وَلَدْتِنِي إِنْسَانَ خِصَامٍ وَإِنْسَانَ نِزَاعٍ لِكُلِّ الأَرْضِ. لَمْ أَقْرِضْ وَلاَ أَقْرَضُونِي، وَلاَ أَقْرَضُونِي، وَكُلُّ وَاحِدٍ يَلْعَنُنِي.

11 قَالَ الرَّبُّ: «إِنِّي أَحُلُكَ لِلْخَيْرِ. إِنِّي أَجْعَلُ الْعَدُقَ يَتَضَرَّعُ إِلَيْكَ فِي وَقْتِ الشَّرِّ وَفِي وَقْتِ الضِّيقِ.

12 « هَلْ يَكْسِرُ الْحَدِيدُ الْحَدِيدَ الَّذِي مِنَ الشِّمَالِ وَالنُّحَاسَ؟

أولا العدد يقول بوضوح قال الرب فمحاولة تفسيرها أن ارميا المتكلم لا تصلح

ثانيا ارميا قدم شكواه فكون الرب يرد عليه بوعد يعوضه عن اتعابه هو المناسب لسياق الكلام ثالثا الوعد هنا ان يجعل الأعداء يترفقوا بإرمياء في وقت السبي هذا حدث بالفعل ونجد ان نبوخذنصر يجعل نبوزردان يتعامل برفق مع ارميا وبالفعل احله من قيوده وجعل الأعداء في وقت الضيق يتعاملون معه برفق

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11 وَأَوْصَى نَبُوخَذْرَاصَّرُ مَلِكُ بَابِلَ عَلَى إِرْمِيَا نَبُوزَرَادَانَ رَئِيسَ الشُّرَطِ قَائِلًا:

12» خُذْهُ وَضَعْ عَيْنَيْكَ عَلَيْهِ، وَلاَ تَفْعَلْ بِهِ شَيْئًا رَدِيئًا، بَلْ كَمَا يُكَلِّمُكَ هكذَا افْعَلْ مَعَهُ.«

13 فَأَرْسَلَ نَبُوزَرَادَانُ رَئِيسُ الشُّرَطِ وَنَبُوشَزْبَانُ رَئِيسُ الْخِصْيَانِ وَنَرْجَلُ شَرَاصَرُ رَئِيسُ الْمَجُوسِ وَكُلُّ رُؤَسَاءِ مَلِكِ بَابِلَ،

14 أَرْسَلُوا فَأَخَذُوا إِرْمِيَا مِنْ دَارِ السِّجْنِ وَأَسْلَمُوهُ لِجَدَلْيَا بْنِ أَخِيقَامَ بْنِ شَافَانَ لِيَخْرُجَ بِهِ إِلَى الْبَيْتِ. فَسَكَنَ بَيْنَ الشَّعْبِ. 1 اَلْكَلِمَةُ الَّتِي صَارَتْ إِلَى إِرْمِيَا مِنْ قِبَلِ الرَّبِ، بَعْدَ مَا أَرْسَلَهُ نَبُوزَرَادَانُ رَئِيسُ الشُّرَطِ مِنَ الرَّامَةِ، إِذْ أَكْلَمَةُ النَّذِينَ النَّيْسُ الشُّرَطِ مِنَ الرَّامَةِ، إِذْ أَخَذَهُ وَهُوَ مُقَيَّدٌ بِالسَّلاَمِيلِ فِي وَسُطِ كُلِّ سَبْي أُورُشَلِيمَ وَيَهُوذَا الَّذِينَ سُبُوا إِلَى بَابِلَ.

2 فَأَخَذَ رَئِيسُ الشُّرَطِ إِرْمِيَا وَقَالَ لَهُ: ﴿إِنَّ الرَّبَّ إِلَهَكَ قَدْ تَكَلَّمَ بِهِذَا الشَّرِّ عَلَى هذَا الْمَوْضِعِ.

3 فَجَلَبَ الرَّبُ وَفَعَلَ كَمَا تَكَلَّمَ، لأَنَّكُمْ قَدْ أَخْطَأْتُمْ إِلَى الرَّبِ وَلَمْ تَسْمَعُوا لِصَوْتِهِ، فَحَدَثَ لَكُمْ هذا الأَمْرُ.
 الأَمْرُ.

4 فَالآنَ هَأَنْذَا أَحُلُكَ الْيَوْمَ مِنَ الْقُيُودِ الَّتِي عَلَى يَدِكَ. فَإِنْ حَسُنَ فِي عَيْنَيْكَ أَنْ تَأْتِي مَعِي إِلَى بَابِلَ فَامْتَنِعْ. أَنْظُرْ. كُلُّ الأَرْضِ فَتَعَالَ، فَأَجْعَلُ عَيْنَيْ عَلَيْكَ. وَإِنْ قَبُحَ فِي عَيْنَيْكَ أَنْ تَأْتِي مَعِي إِلَى بَابِلَ فَامْتَنِعْ. أَنْظُرْ. كُلُّ الأَرْضِ فَتَعَالَ، فَأَجْعَلُ عَيْنَيْ فَانْطَلِقَ فَانْطَلِقَ إِلَى هُنَاكَ. «

فلهذا أرى ان المعنى الذي قدمته ترجمة الفانديك هو متطابق مع النص الأصلي العبري ومتفق مع سياق الكلام ووعد الرب لأرميا الذي تحقق لاحقا

اما الجزء الثاني الذي " إِنِّي أَجْعَلُ الْعَدُوَّ يَتَضَرَّعُ إِلَيْكَ فِي وَقْتِ الشَّرِّ وَفِي وَقْتِ الضِّيقِ" وقد يقصد بها ليس فقط المعاملة بالرفق بل أيضا فعلا أعداء ارمياء من اليهود وبخاصة صدقيا الملك الذي عذب ارمياء وألقاه في الجب يتضرعوا له ان يصلي لأجلهم وهذا أيضا حدث بالفعل

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1 اَلْكَلاَمُ الَّذِي صَارَ إِلَى إِرْمِيَا مِنْ قِبَلِ الرَّبِ، حِينَ أَرْسَلَ إِلَيْهِ الْمَلِكُ صِدْقِيًّا فَشُحُورَ بْنَ مَلْكِيًّا وَصَفَنْيَا بْنَ مَعْسِيًّا الْكَاهِنَ قَائِلًا:

2 «اسْأَلِ الرَّبَّ مِنْ أَجْلِنَا، لأَنَّ نَبُوخَذْراَصَّرَ مَلِكَ بَابِلَ يُحَارِبُنَا. لَعَلَّ الرَّبَّ يَصْنَعُ مَعَنَا حَسَبَ كُلِّ عَجَائِبِهِ فَيَصْعَدَ عَنَّا».

ولكن كما قال عدد 13 ان الرب لن يستجيب ولن يكسر الحديد والنحاس أي سلاسل القيد وهذا حدث بالفعل وقيد صدقيا بالسلاسل وسحب لبابل

فاكتفي بهذا القدر بعد أن عرفنا سبب الاختلاف وايهم الاصح لغويا ومن سياق الكلام

والمجد لله دائما